

## SEEK AND YOU SHALL BE FOUND

A word-by-word analysis of:

the prayer seeking absolution sayyid al-istighfār سيد الاستغفار

the prayer seeking goodness du'ā' al-istikhārah دعاء الاستخارة

the prayer seeking succour  $du^{\dot{a}}$  al- $t\bar{a}$  if دعاء الطائف

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With the name of Allah, compassionate in essence, compassionate in decree...

Allah says اَدْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَصَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَة "Call upon your Lord, broken, whispering" (al-a 'rāf 7:55). Our beloved Prophet على was made to endure arduous circumstances to evoke timeless prayers that would abide with his ummah until the Day we drink from his noble hand. The following are three prayers of the Prophet على, bequeathed to the ummah as articulations of the heart should its circumstance be disorienting:

- I. سيد الاستغفار sayyid al-istighfār (the prayer for absolution);
- II. دعاء الاستخارة du'ā' al-istikhārah (the prayer for goodness);
- III. and دعاء الطائف  $du'\bar{a}'al-t\bar{a}'if$  (the prayer for succour),

three orisons to deliver us from disfavor, disarray, and disadvantage, respectively. The Prophet once said, " $Du'\bar{a}$ ' is the essence of worship." "Prayer" derives from the root (d 'w) which, through metathesis, is a cognate of (w) or, "promise." Behind every prayer is Allah's promise that it is already answered. Yes, the fact that Allah inspired the prayer is His very promise to grant it.

Seek and you shall be found.

## (sayyid al-istighfār) سيد الاستغفار

Whoever utters it after nightfall and happens to die that night shall enter Heaven, and whoever utters it after daybreak and happens to die that day shall enter Heaven.

—related by al-Bukhārī from Shaddād b. Aws

ٱللّٰهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لاَ إِلهَ إِلاَّ أَنْتَ خَلَقْتَنِي وَأَنَا عَبُدُكَ وَأَنَا عَلى عَهْدِكَ وَوَعْدِكَ مَا ٱسْتَطَعْتُ أَنُقَ رَبِّي لاَ إِلهَ إِلاَّ أَنْتَ خَلَقْتَنِي وَأَنَا عَبُدُكَ وَأَنَا عَلَى عَهْدِكَ وَوَعْدِكَ مَا أَسْتَطَعْتُ أَعُودُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا صَنَعْتُ أَبُوءُ لَكَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ وَأَبُوءُ لَكَ بِذَنْبِي فَٱغْفِرُ لِي فَإِنَّهُ لاَ يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ إِلاَّ أَنْتَ رواه البخاري عن شداد بن أوس ﴿

Allah! You are my Lord. No god has the right of worship except You. You created me, and I am in Your thrall, and I am utmost upon my covenant and pledge. I seek sanctum with You from the evil that I wreak. I return unto You by Your grace upon me; I return to you with my sin. Then forgive me, for no one forgives sins except You!

allāhumma anta rabbi lā ilāha illā anta khalaqtanī wa anā 'abduka wa anā 'alā 'ahdika wa wa'dika ma·s taṭa't · a'ūdhu bika min sharri mā ṣana't · abū'u laka bi ni'matika 'alayya wa abū'u laka bi dhanbī fa·ghfir lī fa innahu lā yaghfiru dh·dhunūba illā ant




## The Prayer for Goodness دعاء الاستخارة (du'ā' al-istikhārah)

The Messenger of Allah used to teach his companions the prayer for goodness in all affairs, just as he would teach them a chapter from the Qur'an.
—related by al-Bukhārī from Jābir b. 'Abd Allāh al-Sulamī

ٱللهُمَّ إِنِي أَسْتَخِيرُكَ بِعِلْمِكَ وَأَسْتَقُدِرُكَ بِقُدُرَتِكَ وَأَسْأَلُكَ مِنْ فَضْلِكَ ٱلْعَظِيمِ فَإِنَّكَ تَقُدِرُ وَلاَ أَقُدِرُ وَتَعْلَمُ وَلاَ أَعْلَمُ وَلاَ أَعْمُ وَلاَ أَعْدُورُ وَلاَ أَقْدِرُ وَتَعْلَمُ وَلاَ أَعْمُ وَأَنْتَ عَلاَّمُ ٱلْغُيُوبِ ٱللهُمَّ إِنْ كُنْتَ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ (\_\_\_\_\_) خَيرً لِي فِي دِيني وَمَعَاشِي وَعَاقِبَةِ أَمْرِي فَاقُدُرُهُ لِي وَيَسِّرُهُ لِي ثُمَّ بَارِكُ لِي فِيهِ وَإِنْ كُنْتَ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ (\_\_\_\_\_) شَرَّ لِي فِي دِينِي وَمَعاشِي وَعَاقِبَةِ أَمْرِي فَاقُدُرُهُ لِي وَيَسِّرُهُ لِي ثُمَّ بَارِكُ لِي فِيهِ وَإِنْ كُنْتَ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ (\_\_\_\_\_) شَرَّ لِي اللهُمَّ إِن كُنْتَ عَلْمُ أَنَّ (\_\_\_\_\_) أَمْرِي فَاصْرِفُهُ عَنِي وَاصْرِفُنِي عَنْهُ وَٱقْدُرُ لِي ٱلْخَيْرَ حَيْثُ كَانَ ثُمَّ رَضِّنِي بِهِ رواه البخاري عن جابر ﴿

Allah! I seek the best course through Your knowledge, I seek means through Your power, I ask of Your immense bounty—for You are possessed of power while I am powerless; You are possessed of knowledge while I know not, and You know all in the unseen. Allah! If You have known that... is better for me regarding my religion, my living, and the consequences of my affair, then decree it for me, facilitate it for me, then bless me in it. And if You have known that... is worse for me regarding my religion, my living, and the consequences of my affair, then avert it from me, avert me from it, and decree goodness for me wherever it may be, and give me contentment therewith.

allāhumma innī astakhīruka bi ʻilmika wa astaqdiruka bi qudratika wa as'alul	кa
min faḍlika l-ʿaẓīm · fa innaka taqdiru wa lā aqdiru wa taʿlamu wa lā aʿlamu w	va
anta ʻallāmu l-ghuy $ar{u}b\cdot all$ āhumma in kunta taʻlamu anna (	_)
khayrun lī fī dīnī wa maʻāshī wa ʻāqibati amrī fa•qdurhu lī wa yassirhu	lī
thumma bārik lī fīh $\cdot$ wa in kunta taʻlamu anna () sharrun lī	fī
dīnī wa maʻāshī wa ʻāqibati amrī fa·ṣrifhu ʻannī wa·ṣrifnī ʻanhu wa·qdur	lī
l-khayra ḥaythu kāna thumma raḍḍinī bih	



## (du'ā' al-ṭā'if) دعاء الطائف

The most severe trial that I ever faced from them was the day...wherein I offered myself to Ibn 'Abd Yālīl b. Kulāl, and he obliged not as I had wished, so I betook myself crestfallen...."

—related by al-Bukhārī and Muslim from 'Ā'ishah

ٱللّٰهُمَّ إِلَيْكَ أَشْكُو ضَعْفَ قُوِّتِي وَقِلَّةَ حِيلَتِي وَهَوَانِي عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ • يَا أَرْحَمَ ٱلرَّاحِمِينَ أَنْتَ رَبُّ ٱلْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ وَأَنْتَ رَبِّي • إِلَى مَنْ تَكِلُنِي إِلَى بَعِيدٍ يَتَجَهَّمُنِي أَمُ إِلَى عَدُوِ مَلَّكُتَهُ أَمْرِي • إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ بِكَ عَلَيَّ غَضَبُ فَلَا أُبَالِي غَيْرَ أَنَّ عَافِيَتَكَ هِي أَوْسَعُ لِي • أَعُودُ بِنُورِ أَمْرِي • إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ بِكَ عَلَيَّ غَضَبُ فَلَا أُبَالِي غَيْرَ أَنَّ عَافِيتَكَ هِي أَوْسَعُ لِي • أَعُودُ بِنُورِ وَجُهِكَ ٱلدَّنِي أَشْرَقَتُ لَهُ ٱلظُّلُمَاتُ وَصَلُحَ عَلَيْهِ أَمْرُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَةِ أَنْ يَجِلَّ عَلَيَّ غَضَبُكَ وَصَلُحَ عَلَيْهِ أَمْرُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَةِ أَنْ يَجِلَّ عَلَيَّ غَضَبُكَ أَوْ أَنْ يَنْزِلَ بِي سَخَطُكَ • لَكَ ٱلْعُتْبَى حَتَّى تَرْضَى وَلَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِكَ رَواه الطبراني عن عبد الله بن جعفر هِ

Allah! I complain to You my lack of strength, my scarcity of means, and my insignificance in the eyes of others. Most compassionate Lord of all who show compassion! You are the Lord of the meek, You are my Lord. To whom shall You entrust me: to some distant person who glowers at me, or to some enemy to whom You shall confer authority over my affair? So long as You are not displeased with me, nothing concerns me, though Your relief is easier for me. I seek refuge in the light of Your countenance—by which every crevice of darkness is illumined, and by which the affair of this life and the hereafter is made whole—that Your wrath reach me not, that Your displeasure descend not upon me! I confess unto You my shortcoming until You are content. There is no strength or power except by You!

allāhumma ilayka ashkū ḍaʿfa quwwatī wa qillata ḥīlatī wa hawānī ʿalā n-nās; yā arḥama r-rāḥimīna anta rabbu l-mustaḍʿafīna wa anta rabbī; ilā man takilunī ilā baʿīdin yatajahhamunī am ilā ʿaduwwin mallaktahu amrī; in lam yakun bika ʿalayya ghaḍabun falā ubālī ghayra anna ʿāfiyataka hiya awsaʿu lī; aʿūdhu bi nūri wajhika l-ladhī ashraqat lahu z-zulumātu wa ṣaluḥa ʿalayhi amru d-dunyā wa l-ākhirah an yaḥilla ʿalayya ghaḍabuka aw an yanzila bī sakhaṭuk; laka l-ʿutbā ḥattā tarḍā wa lā ḥawla wa lā quwwata illā bik.





Allah! I turn to You with heartfelt hands and							